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### **EXPLANATION: TEACHING ABOUT HUMAN SEXUALITY**

House Bill 501 (2015) modified the current law pertaining to instruction about human sexuality to add requirements that schools also teach about sexual predators, including online sexual predators, teach about safe Internet use and encourage students to report inappropriate behavior. Any district that provides instruction in human sexuality must do so in accordance with state law (§ 170.015, RSMo.). MSBA has modified this policy to include the additional provisions required by House Bill 501. While House Bill 501 did not specifically reference either social media or sexting, MSBA has chosen to include them as part of the policy.

While Missouri law has very specific requirements for the content of human sexuality instruction, neither law nor the Missouri School Improvement Program (MSIP) requires the district to adopt a policy. However, because the law is quite detailed, MSBA has incorporated the legal requirements into this policy to assist districts with compliance.

MSBA also expanded the requirement that students be educated on the penalties for statutory rape to include statutory sodomy. Students charged with either of these offenses must be excluded from the district's regular school program under the Safe Schools Act.

Finally, MSBA added legal references for the federal abstinence grant, the statutes defining statutory rape and sodomy and the section of Missouri law that prohibits students from being readmitted to school (other than an alternative program) if they have been convicted of statutory rape or sodomy.

MSIP references were removed since they are no longer applicable. MSIP 5 does not specifically address teaching about human sexuality.

MSBA recommends that copies of this document be routed to the following areas because the content is of particular importance to them. The titles on this list may not match those used by the district. Please forward copies to the district equivalent of the title indicated.				
Board Secretary		Business Office		Coaches/Sponsors
Facility Maintenance		Food Service		Gifted
Human Resources	X	Principals		Library/Media Center
Health Services	X	Counselor		Special Education
Transportation		Public Info/Communications	X	Technology

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#### TEACHING ABOUT HUMAN SEXUALITY

The Board of Education recognizes that parents/guardians are the primary source of sexuality education for their children. The Board also recognizes that effective sexuality education, taught in concert with parents/guardians, helps students avoid risks to their health and academic success and prepares them to make informed decisions as adults. Therefore, pursuant to the requirements of state law, if the district chooses to use any course materials and instruction relating to human sexuality and sexually transmitted diseases the materials and instruction—shall be medically and factually accurate and shall:

- 1. Present abstinence from sexual activity as the preferred choice of behavior in relation to all sexual activity for unmarried students because it is the only method that is 100 percent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity. Students shall be advised that teenage sexual activity places them at a higher risk of dropping out of school because of the consequences of sexually transmitted diseases and unplanned pregnancy.
- 2. Stress that sexually transmitted diseases are serious, possible health hazards of sexual activity. Students shall be provided with the latest medical information regarding exposure to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), human papilloma-virus (HPV), hepatitis and other sexually transmitted diseases.
- 3. Present students with the latest medically factual information regarding both the possible side effects and health benefits of all forms of contraception, including the success and failure rates for the prevention of pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases, or present students with information on contraceptives and pregnancy in a manner consistent with the provisions of the federal abstinence education law.
- 4. Include a discussion of the possible emotional and psychological consequences of preadolescent and adolescent sexual activity and the consequences of adolescent pregnancy, as well as the advantages of adoption, including the adoption of special needs children, and the processes involved in making an adoption plan.
- 5. Teach skills of conflict management, personal responsibility and positive self-esteem through discussion and role playing at appropriate grade levels to emphasize that the student has the power to control personal behavior. Students shall be encouraged to base their actions on reasoning, self-discipline, sense of responsibility, self-control and ethical considerations, such as respect for one's self and others. Students shall be taught not to make unwanted physical and verbal sexual advances or otherwise exploit another person. Students shall be taught to resist unwanted sexual advances and other negative peer pressure.

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## REFERENCE COPY

- 6. Advise students of the laws pertaining to their financial responsibility to children born in and out of wedlock and advise students of the provisions of chapter 566, RSMo., Missouri law pertaining to statutory rape and statutory sodomy.
- 7. Teach students about the characteristics of and ways to identify sexual predators.
- 8. Teach students safe and responsible Internet use, including the dangers of online sexual predators, when using electronic communication methods such as the Internet, mobile phones, text messages, chat rooms, social media, e-mail and instant messaging.
- 9. Instill in students the importance of having open communication with responsible adults, reporting any inappropriate situation, activity or abuse to a responsible adult and, depending on intent and content, to local law enforcement, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) or the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's "CyberTipline."
- 10. Explain the potential consequences, both personal and legal, of inappropriate text messaging and sexting, even among friends.

The district will not permit a person or entity to offer, sponsor or furnish in any manner any course materials or instruction relating to human sexuality or sexually transmitted diseases to its students if the person or entity is a provider of abortion services. District personnel or district agents will not encourage students to have an abortion.

Students may be separated by gender for human sexuality instruction. Instruction in human sexuality is to be appropriate to the age of the students receiving such instruction.

The district is required to notify the parent/guardian of each student enrolled in the district of the basic content of the district's human sexuality instruction to be provided to the student and of the parent's/guardian's right to remove the student from any part of the district's human sexuality instruction. The district is required to make all curriculum materials used in the district's human sexuality instruction available for public inspection as a public record prior to the use of such materials in actual instruction.

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Note: The reader is encouraged to check the index located at the beginning of this section for other pertinent policies and to review administrative procedures and/or forms for related information.

Adopted: 04/13/2009

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Revised:

MSIP Refs: 1.1, 1.3

Cross Refs: EHB, Technology Usage

Legal Refs: §§ 167.171, 170.015, 566.032, .034, .062, RSMo.

42 U.S.C. § 710

Camdenton R-III School District, Camdenton, Missouri